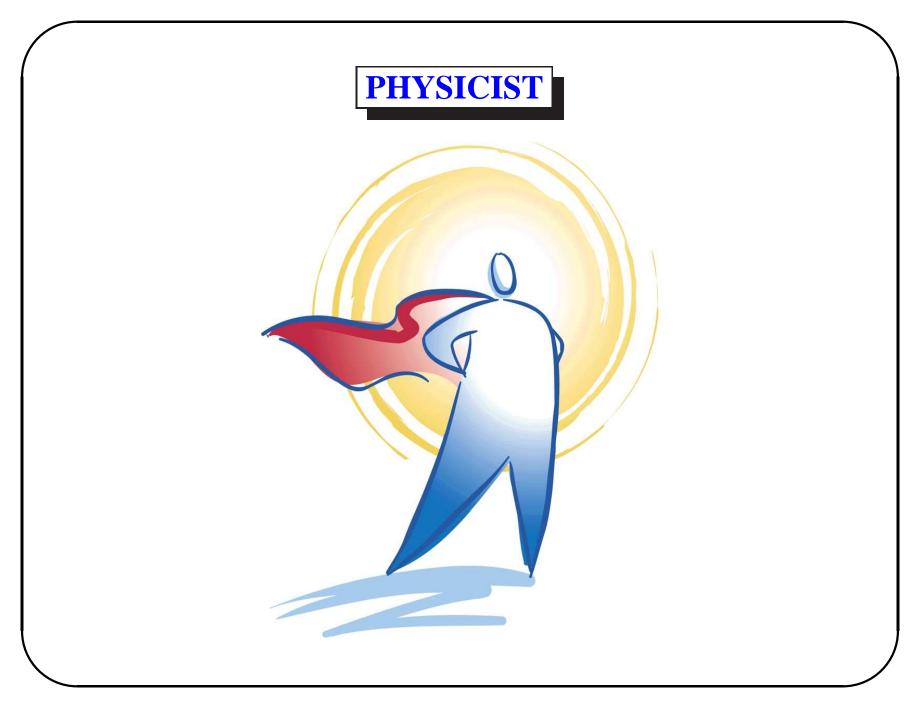
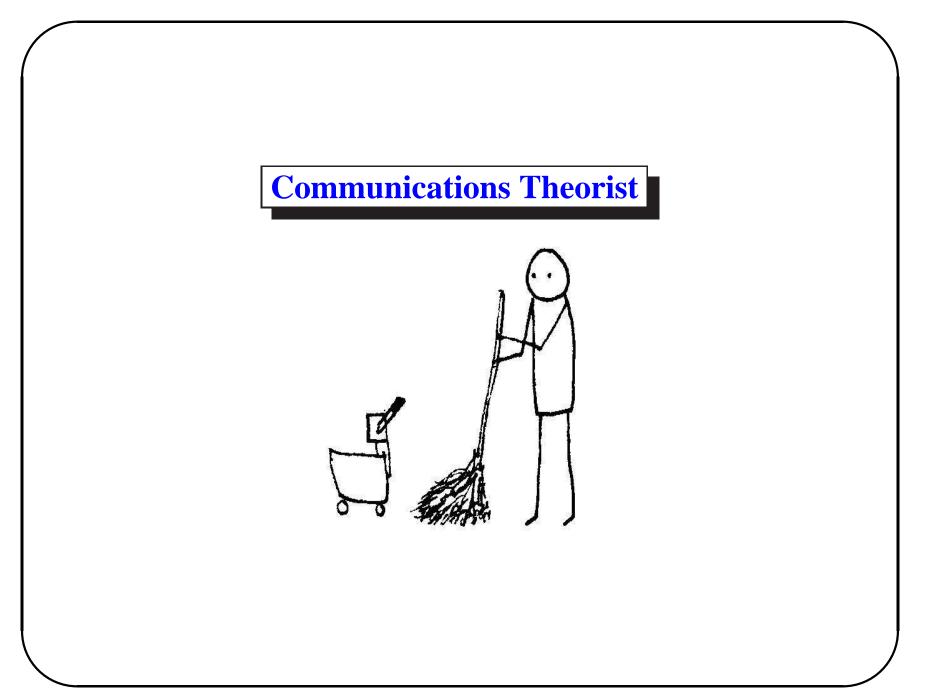
# ET Might Write, Not Radiate

Christopher Rose<sup>1</sup> and Gregory Wright<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup>WINLAB, Rutgers University <sup>2</sup>Antiope Associates, Fair Haven, NJ

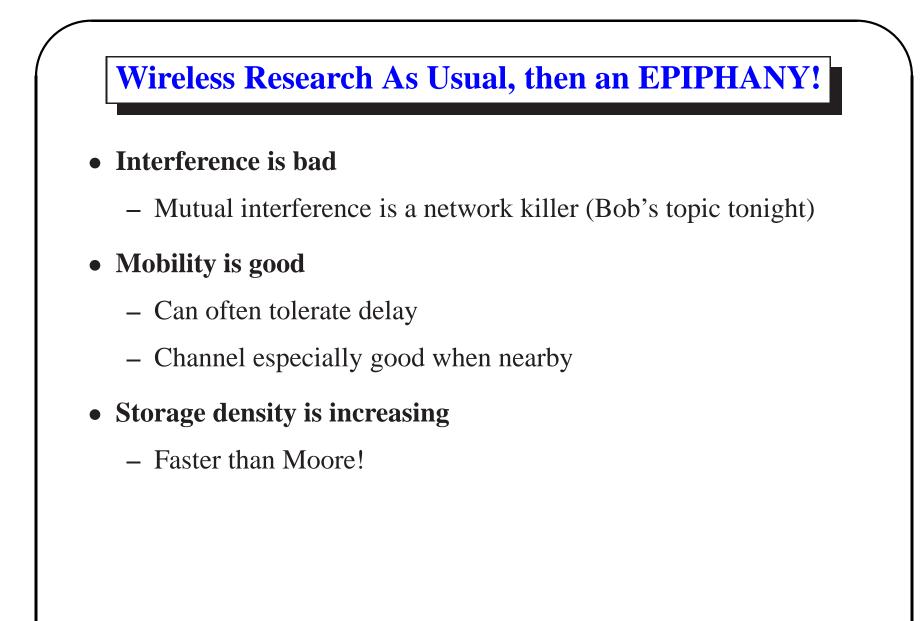
### iCORE Summit 2006

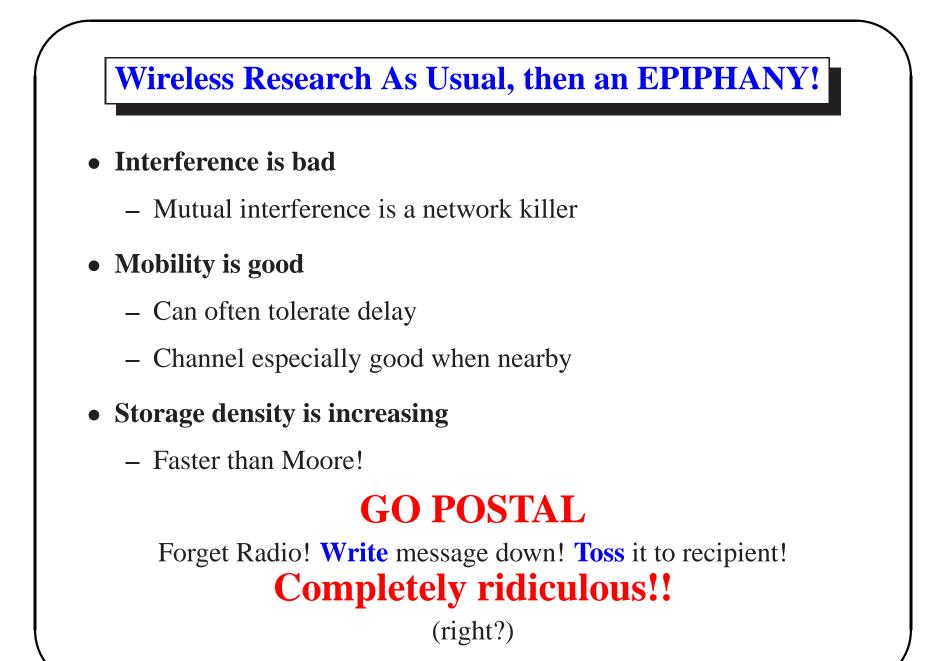
May 24, 2006







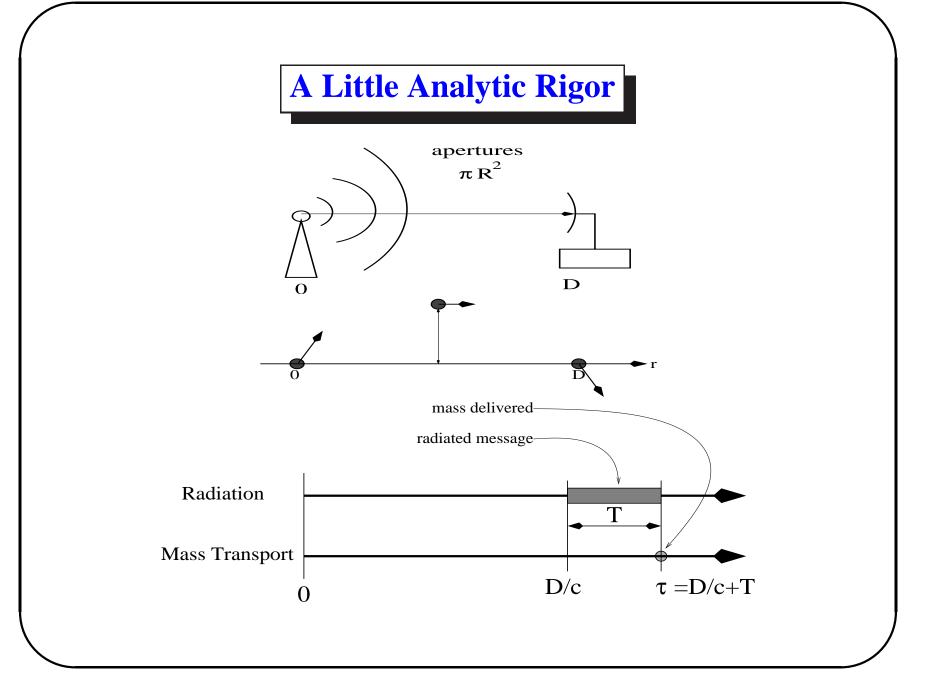






## A truck filled with storage media, driven across town, is a very reliable high bit rate channel.

-Comm. Theory Collective Subconscious



### **Radiation Energy Requirements**

• Shannon Capacity:

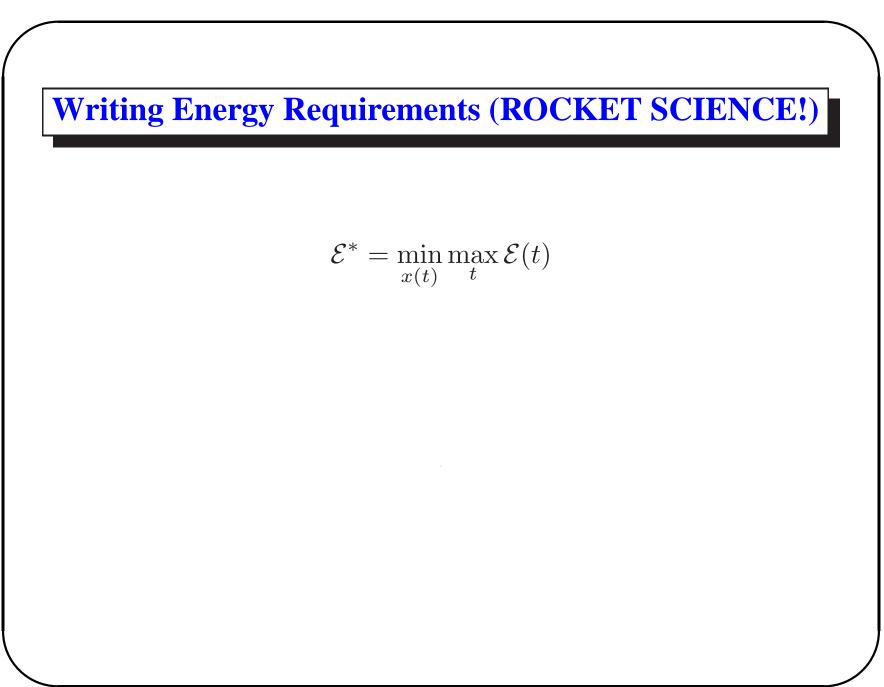
$$C = B/T = W \log_2\left(\frac{P}{N_0 W} + 1\right)$$

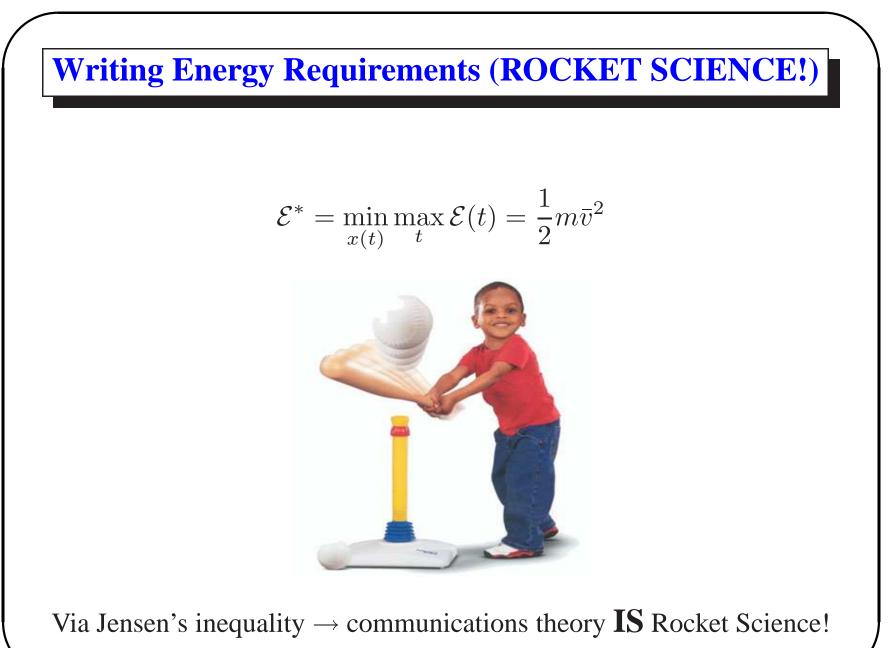
• Power capture fraction:

C

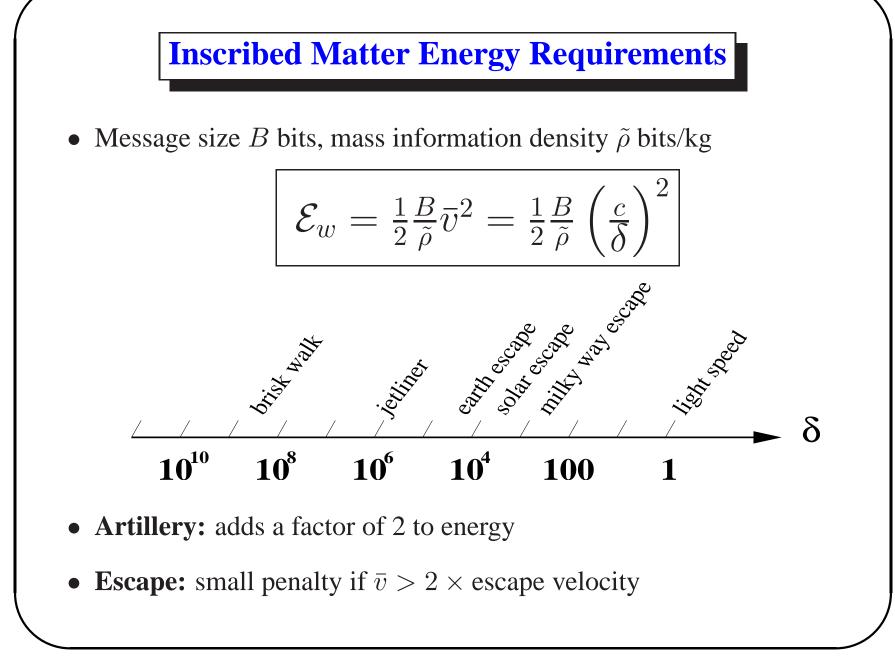
$$\nu(D) = \frac{AG}{4\pi D^2}$$

• 
$$\mathcal{E}_r = PT$$
:  
 $\mathcal{E}_r = BN_0 \frac{4\pi D^2}{AG} \frac{TW}{B} \left[2^{\frac{B}{TW}} - 1\right]$   
• Large  $TW$ :  
 $\mathcal{E}_r \ge BN_0 \left(\frac{4\pi D^2}{AG}\right) \ln 2$ 





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### **Radiation to Transport Energy Ratio**

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\Omega \equiv \frac{\mathcal{E}_r}{\mathcal{E}_w}} \leqslant$$

Normalized Aperture  $\equiv \mathcal{A} = \frac{2R}{\lambda}$ Normalized Distance  $\equiv \mathcal{D} = \frac{D}{2R}$ 

$$\Rightarrow \Omega \ge \left[\frac{\tilde{\rho}N_0}{c^2}\right] \left[\frac{8}{\pi^2} \left(\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\mathcal{A}}\right)^2\right] (2\ln 2)\delta^2 \leqslant$$

Equal Receiver/Transmitter Apertures

### Information Density, $\tilde{\rho}$

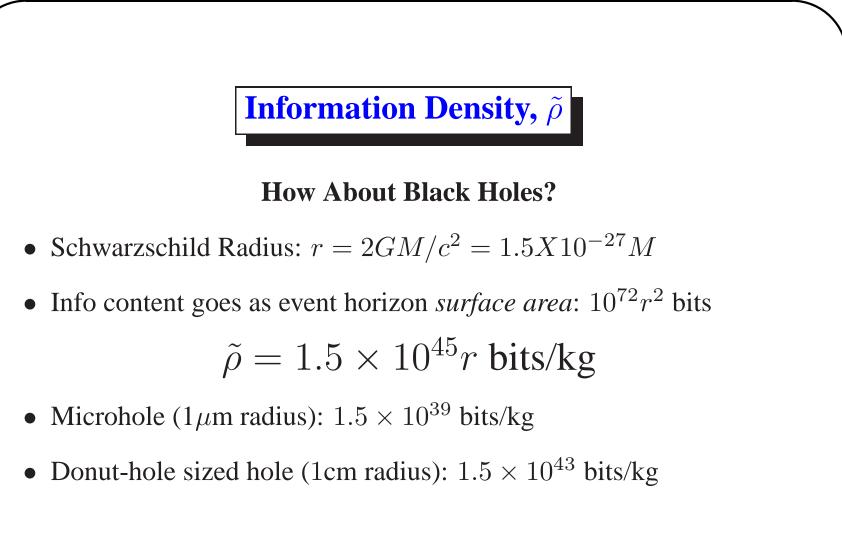
#### **How About Black Holes?**

- Schwarzschild Radius:  $r = 2GM/c^2 = 1.5X10^{-27}M$
- Info content goes as event horizon *surface area*:  $10^{72}r^2$  bits

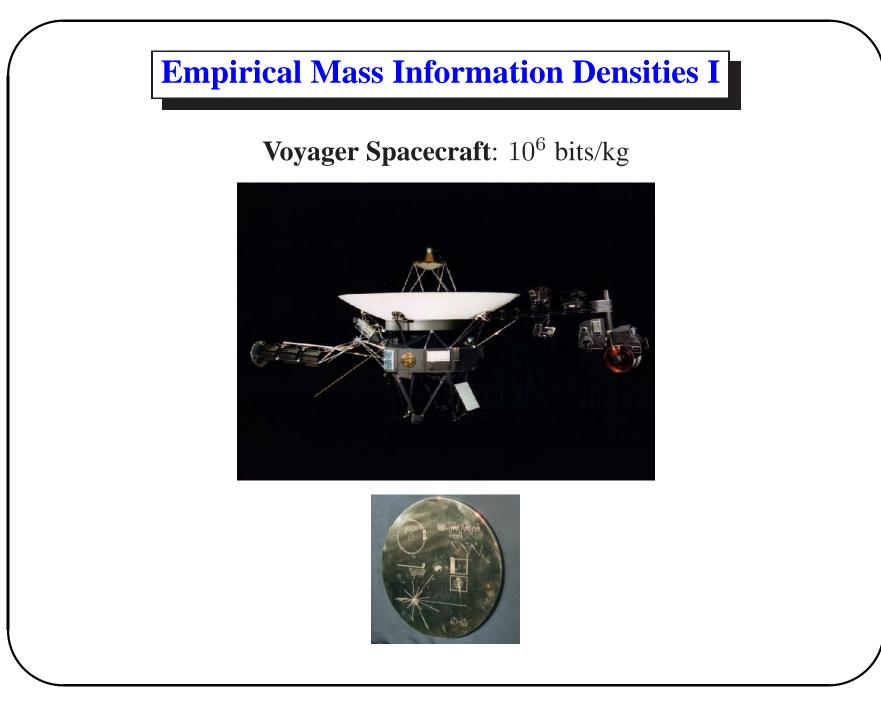
$$\tilde{\rho}=1.5\times 10^{45}r$$
 bits/kg

- Microhole (1 $\mu$ m radius):  $1.5 \times 10^{39}$  bits/kg
- Donut-hole sized hole (1cm radius):  $1.5 \times 10^{43}$  bits/kg

## A wee bit impractical?

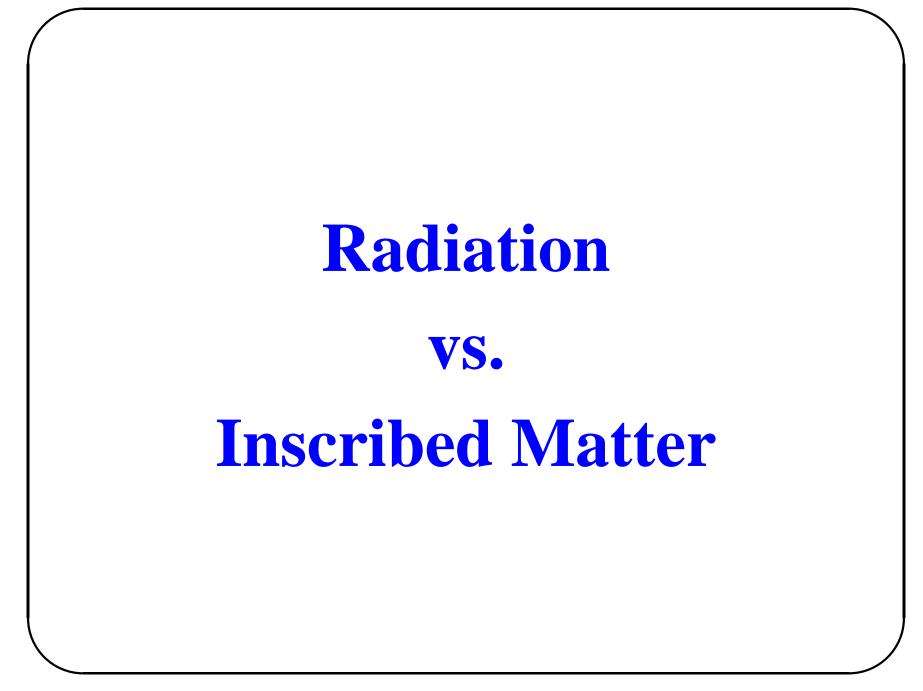


### VERY antisocial!





- **20 lb paper** @ 1000dpi: 2 × 10<sup>10</sup> bits/kg
- **DVD**:  $3 \times 10^{12}$  bits/kg
- Magnetic Storage with FeO<sub>2</sub>:  $2 \times 10^{17}$  bits/kg
- Optical Lithography with SiO<sub>2</sub>:  $3.85 \times 10^{18}$  bits/kg
- **E-beam Lithography** with SiO<sub>2</sub>:  $1.54 \times 10^{21}$  bits/kg
- **STM** with Xe on Ni:  $1.74 \times 10^{22}$  bits/kg
- **RNA**:  $3.6 \times 10^{24}$  bits/kg
- Li + Be:  $7.5 \times 10^{25}$  bits/kg

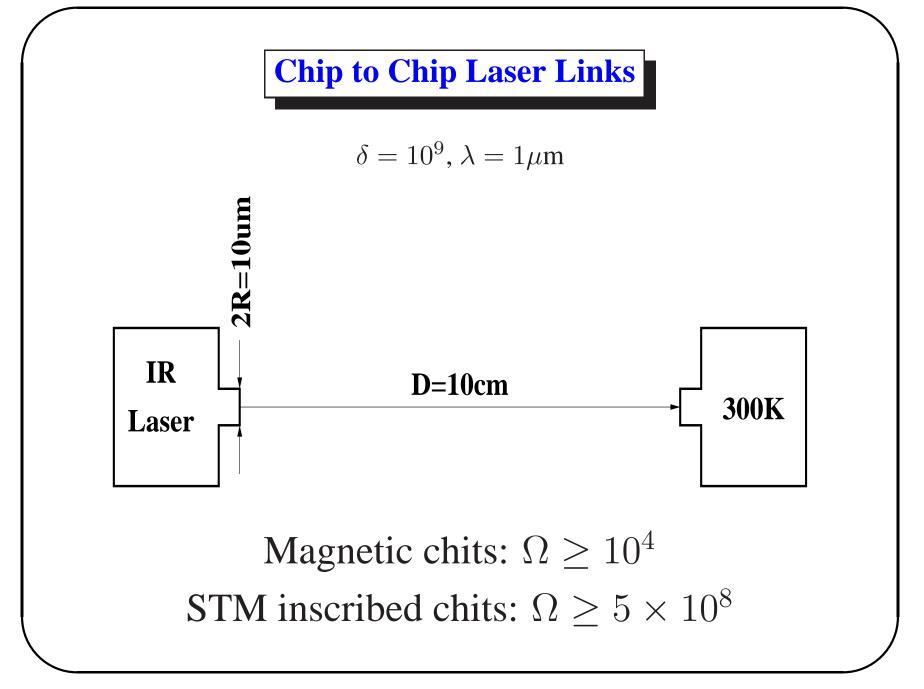


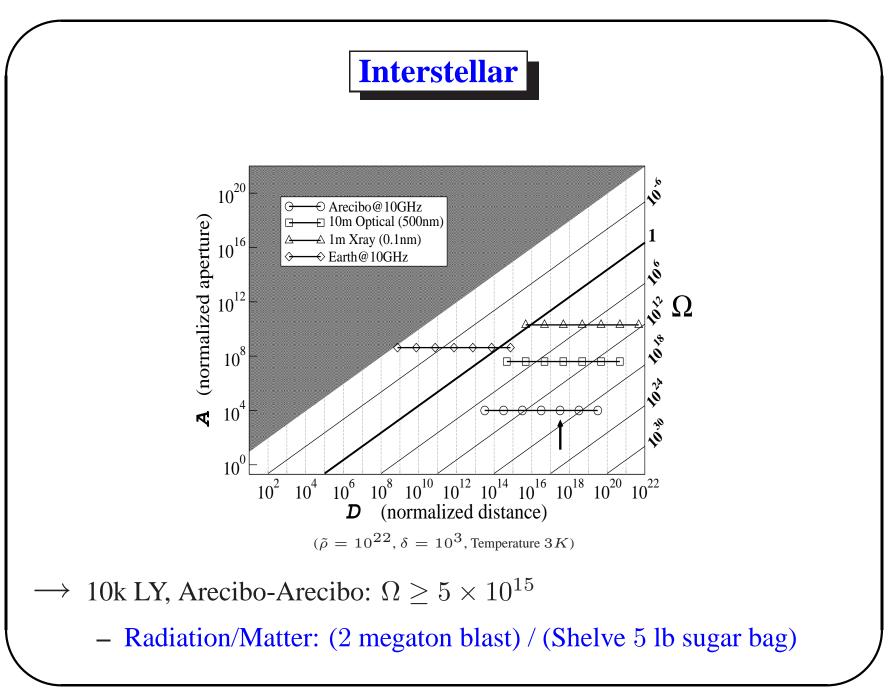
### **Terrestrial Artillery vs. Radiation**

 $\tilde{\rho}=3\times 10^{24}, 1~{\rm GHz}$  Carrier,  $R=5{\rm cm},$  Temperature 300K

Range (meters)	Transit Time	Ω
10	1.43 sec	$1.3 \times 10^7$
100	4.5 sec	$1.3 \times 10^8$
$10^{3}$	14.3 sec	$1.3 \times 10^9$
$10^{4}$	45 sec	$1.3 \times 10^{10}$

Aside:  $\approx 4$  minutes between NYC and Boston ballistically (320km).





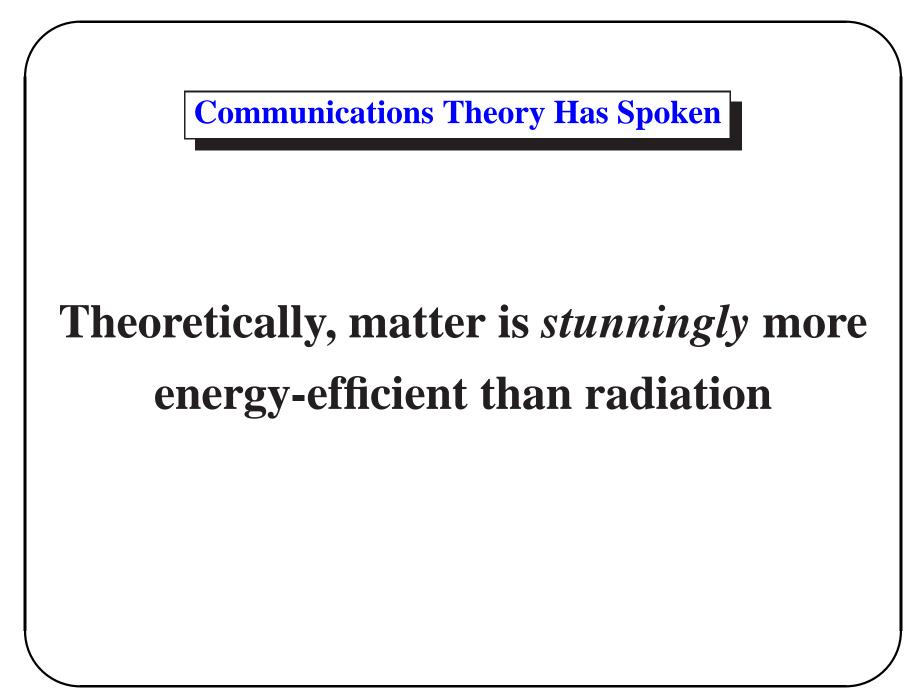


- 10<sup>9</sup> bit payload
- 900 kg mass
- Catapult launch: about 800 joules/bit

### **Breakeven Distance:** $\approx 2000$ light years

- Asides:
  - ETA nearest star:  $\approx 100$  kilo-years
  - Rocket Launch: distance up  $\times 9$ .
  - Use 3 DVDs (instead of gold disc): distance down  $\times 10$
  - Use 1 gram of "RNA": distance down  $\times 10^6$

( $\approx 1/4000$  distance to nearest star)





#### Sluggish Data Transport Is Faster Than ADSL

by Ami Ben-Bassat, Israel Revital Ben-David-Zaslow, Department of Zoology, Tel Aviv University Shimon Schocken, Efi Arazi School of Computer Science, IDC Herzliya, Israel Yossi Vardi, Israel

#### "If everything seems under control, you're just not going fast enough." (Mario Andretti)

We describe an experiment in which a Giant African Snail, acting as a data transfer agent, exceeded all known "lastmile" communications technologies in terms of bit-per-second performance, adding to the many paradoxes of broadband communications.<sup>1</sup> We discuss the unique motivational and guidance systems necessary to facilitate snail-based data transport, and observe with satisfaction that in a society that worships the fittest, fastest, and furtherest, the meek and the slow can sometimes outperform all known competitors, giving rise to the new and exciting field of sluggish data networks.

#### The History of Snails as Communications Agents

The use of snails as data communications agents was not considered before now. As we show in this paper, the negative attitude towards using snails in communications networks is an example of bounded rationality<sup>2</sup> impeding bold and creative engineering.

Snails are widely assumed to be slow animals. Yet the literature on sluggish speed is surprisingly limited, and few have actually bothered to measure and record it formally. Further, reported gastropod speeds vary widely with species and circumstance, ranging from 0.000023<sup>3</sup> to 0.0028<sup>4</sup> meters per second.

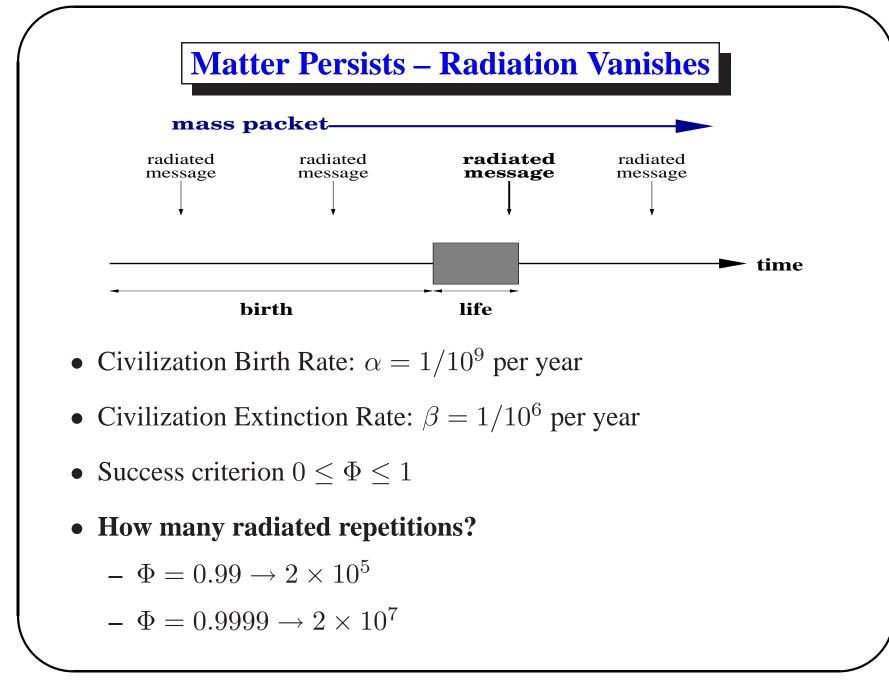
Figure 1. The SNAP system in a feed-forward action. In keeping with the systems engineering principle that interfaces between modules should be transparent, the backend's yoke is connected to the frontend's shell with a piece of transparent scotch tape. not visible in the image. (Photograph by Herbert Bishko.)



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### **HEY! What About ... ?**

- Radiation
  - Impermanence and Repetition
- Matter
  - Broadcast
  - Inscription Energy
  - Deceleration At Target
  - Navigation
  - Preservation
  - Advertisement



### **Is Radiation Better for Broadcast?**

#### **Radiation illuminates many** $\rightarrow$ **matter penalty**

- Milky Way stellar density  $2.8 \times 10^{-2}$  stars (LY)<sup>-3</sup>
- Spherical galaxy, isotropic radiation, Arecibo-Arecibo
  - $R=10^4$  LY:  $1.13\times 10^{11}$  stars (but  $\Omega\geq 10^{28})$
  - $R=10^{6}$  LY:  $1.13\times10^{17}$  stars (but  $\Omega\geq10^{32})$

### No, inscribed matter still wins!

### **Inscription Energy/Speed**

- Matter Inscription/Readout Energy and Time
  - Can be reversible and abitrarily fast (R. Landauer)
- Empirical energy calc:
  - 60000 ATP/second for 20 minutes: 4639 Kbase of E-coli
  - $8 \times 10^{-20}$ J per ATP molecule
  - $6.2 \times 10^{-19} \text{J bit}^{-1} \ (\approx 4 \text{ eV bit}^{-1}).$
  - $E^*$  at earth escape:  $1.68 \times 10^{-17}$  J bit<sup>-1</sup>.

### **Construction energy probably not a problem**

### **Parking the Package**

- Assume exhaust braking
- Energy penalty (excess mass):  $e^{\frac{c}{\delta g I_{sp}}}$
- $I_{sp} \equiv$  Specific Impulse
  - Chemical:  $10^2$
  - Nuclear Electric:  $10^4$
  - Fusion:  $10^6$
- $I_{sp} = 20,000, \delta = 1000 \rightarrow$  penalty 4.6
- $\delta = 100 \text{ or } I_{sp} = 2000 \rightarrow \text{penalty } 4.4 \times 10^6$

### **Gravitational Perturbations**

Angular Deflection:  $\theta \approx \frac{2MG}{v_0^2 y_0}$  (radians)

- $M = 2 \times 10^{30}$ kg (solar)
- $v_0 = c/1000$
- Stellar Density:  $2.8 \times 10^{-2}$  stars (LY)<sup>-3</sup>
- 10kLY trip mean miss distance:  $\approx 0.14$ LY

## Aim not a big problem

### **Cosmic Insults**

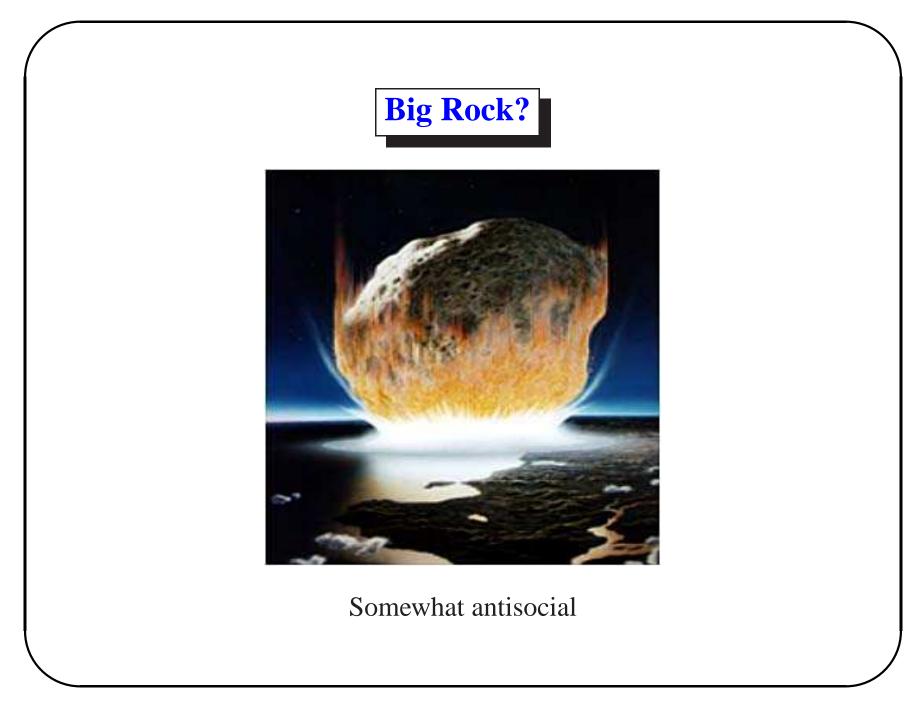
#### • Insults:

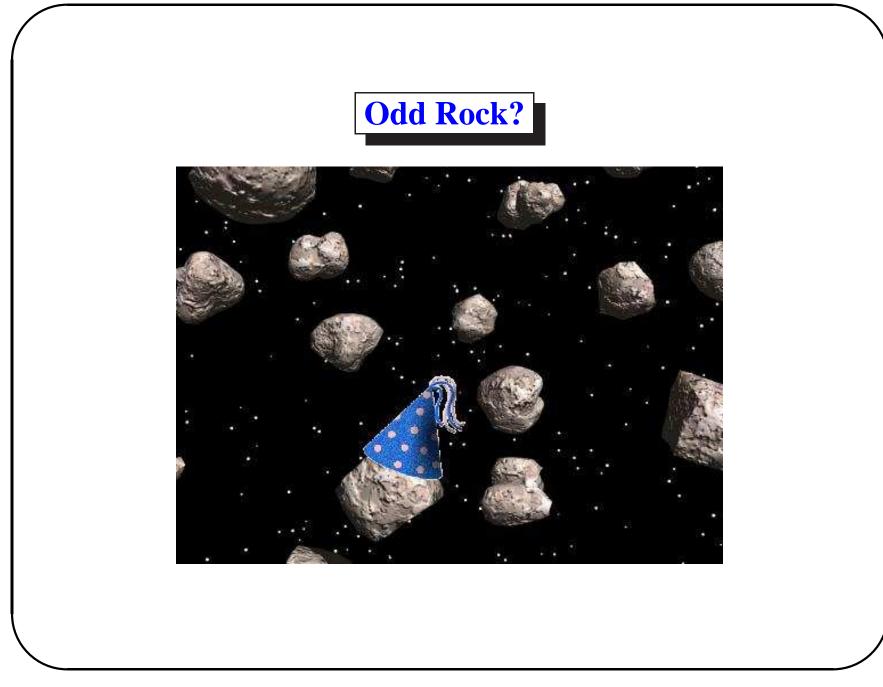
- High energy particle bombardment
- Heating (diffusion)
- Ion tracks, dislocations, subatomic cascades

#### • Shielding:

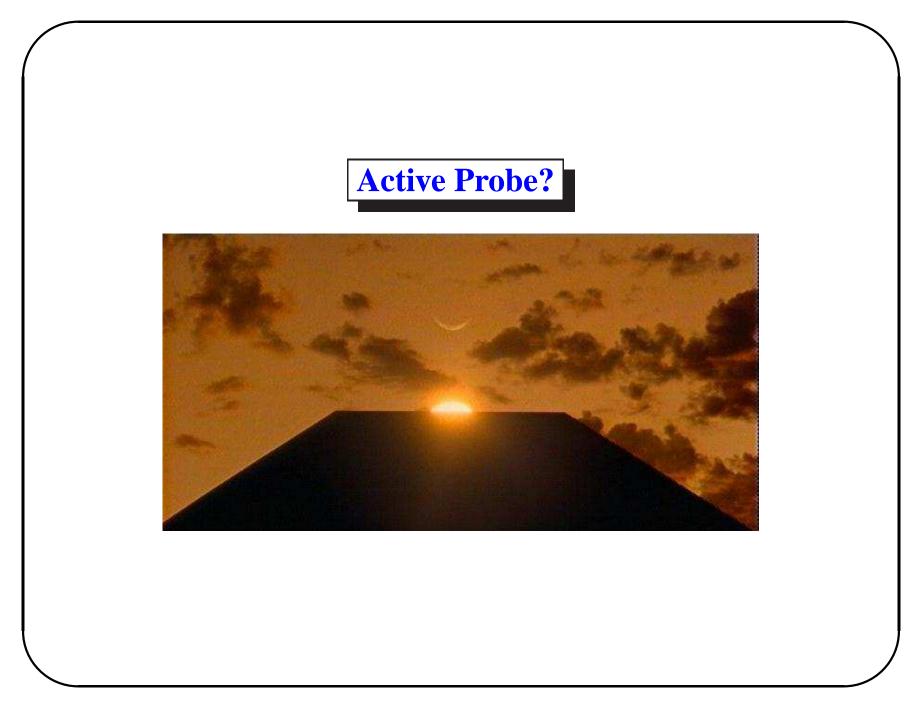
- 10 million years at 10% bacteria viability: 3 m radius rock (3g cm<sup>-3</sup> density)
- **penalty:**  $3.4 \times 10^{6}$
- Clever Composition, Coding and Correction?
  - need better channel characterization















Noah's micro-ark?

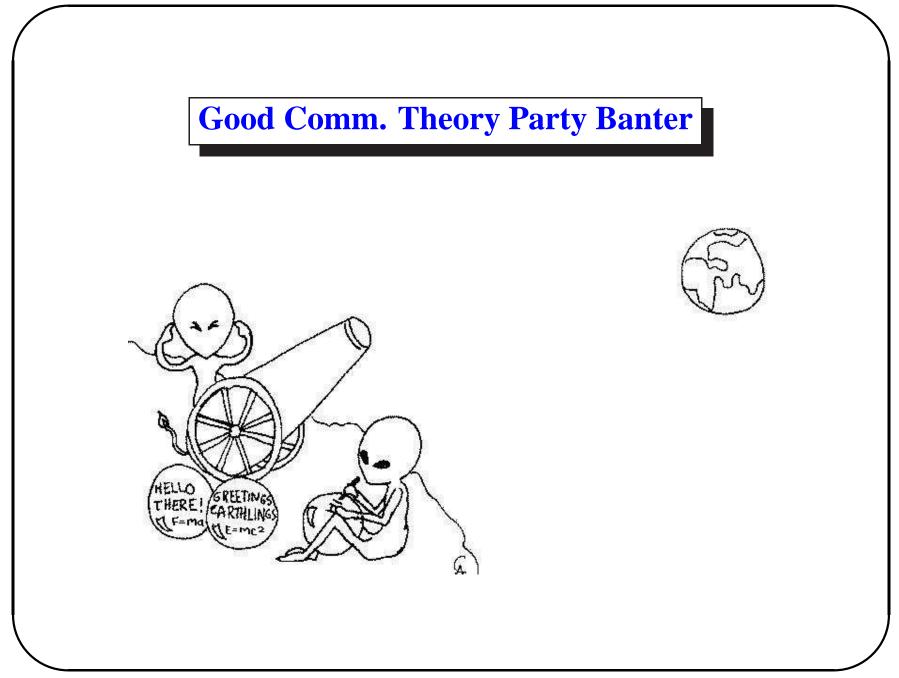
### CONCLUSION

### IF: energy important & delay acceptable

#### **THEN: inscribed matter messaging is efficient**

- Terrestrial
  - FedEx, Netflix, Snail Mail (literally!)
- Chip-to-chip or mote-to-mote
  - smart dust tossing inscribed dust
- Biological systems
  - construction/dispersal cost for messenger molecules

### **But perhaps most important ...**



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